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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTO	ORNEY DOCKET NO.	
	09/335,377	06/17/99	PLATE	J	0290	0.00004/	
ويد د ددوه س			PM82/0423	EXAMINER			
	DONALD A GREG		CULBRETH.E				
			1 & OSHINSKY LLP	AF	T UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1	2101 L STREET	NW 4TH F	LOOR				
	WASHINGTON DO	20037		3611		7	
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					04/23/01		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Application No.

09/335,377

Applicant(s)

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Eric Culbreth

Group Art Unit

3611

Plate et al



⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on Feb 8, 2001							
☐ This action is FINAL .							
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C							
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to e is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extensions 37 CFR 1.136(a).	respond within the period for response will cause the						
Disposition of Claims							
X Claim(s) 1-33	is/are pending in the application.						
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	is/are allowed.						
	is/are rejected.						
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.						
☐ Claims							
Application Papers							
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948.							
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected	d to by the Examiner.						
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved.							
The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).							
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the priority documents have been							
received.							
received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)							
received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
*Certified copies not received:							
☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).							
Attachment(s)							
☑ Notice of References Cited, PTO-892							
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No(s)							
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413							
□ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948							
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152							
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES							

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DETAILED ACTION

Allowable Subject Matter

1. Claims 1-19 and 26-33 are allowed.

Response to Amendment

2. The application filed 6/17/99 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132 because it introduces new

matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132 states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into

the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure

is as follows: There is no support in the original disclosure for claim 25 (the sensor being an

inclination switch on the frame and connected to the cylinder).

Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in

a prior Office action.

4. Claims 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schuetz (newly

cited) in view of Laverda (of record).

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Schuetz discloses a vehicle comprising a frame 10 and a support 17 for supporting a load, the

support being pivoted between post 12 and member 13 by piston 14 to elevate the load relative to

the frame. Laverda discloses axle 3 connected to frame 1a (i.e., the vehicle body 1 is supported on

appendage or member 1a) for relative movement and a system (valves 14, 18) for locking the axle

relative to the frame when the frame is tilted more than a predetermined angle (relative to the axle;

see column 3, lines 41-51, where automatic leveling ceases and the hydraulic circuit becomes

inoperative when the maximum angle is reached). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill

in the art to modify Schuetz, who teaches a vehicle with a frame and boom that adjusts wheels for

uneven terrain, to include a leveling and locking system such as that taught by Laverda in order to

prevent the vehicle from assuming an unsafe position (claim 20).

Regarding claim 21, in the combination Laverda's limit switch 34 senses when the frame is

tilted by more than a maximum or predetermined angle.

5. Claims 22-25 as best understood are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Schuetz in view of Laverda and further in view of Fought (of record).

Schuetz discloses a vehicle comprising a frame 10 and a support 17 for supporting a load, the

support being pivoted between post 12 and member 13 by piston 14 to elevate the load relative to

the frame. Laverda discloses axle 3 connected to frame 1a (i.e., the vehicle body 1 is supported on

appendage or member 1a) for relative movement and a system (valves 14, 18) for locking the axle

relative to to the frame when the frame is tilted more than a predetermined angle (relative to the axle;

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see column 3, lines 41-51, where automatic leveling ceases and the hydraulic circuit becomes inoperative when the maximum angle is reached). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Schuetz, who teaches a vehicle with a frame and boom that adjusts wheels for uneven terrain, to include a leveling and locking system such as that taught by Laverda in order to prevent the vehicle from assuming an unsafe position. Although Schuetz and Laverda do not teach a boom, Schuetz teaches at column 1, lines 50-60 that other material handling devices may be used. Fought teaches boom 34 mounted on the frame, and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the time the invention was made to modify Schuetz and Laverda to include a boom such as taught by Fought in order to handle material with a different structure as suggested by Schuetz, the primary reference.

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Regarding claim 23 in the combination Fought teaches a hydraulic system 39 for elevating the boom, and regarding claim 24 in the combination the pistons of cylinders 58 and 60 in Fought are connected to frame 50 of chassis 12, and attaching a cylinder 58 or 60 to frame 50 instead of the piston is an obvious reversal of parts. At any rate, in the combination Laverda teaches cylinders 5, 5' attached to brackets 4, 4' of the vehicle frame. Regarding claim 25, as Laverda's limit switches 34 in the combination are adjacent the axle 3 in Figure 3, they would be on Fought's lower frame, measuring inclination as broadly recited and operably connected to the hydraulic cylinders.

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Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric Culbreth whose telephone number is (703) 308-0360.

ec

April 17, 2001

ERIC CULBRETH PRIMARY EXAMINER

4/17/01